Bolton Council

Abnormal Behaviour Plan of Action

Regulation 37 (c): Licence holders must have a plan when abnormal behaviour is observed and advice sought from appropriate expert.

Abnormal animal behaviour refers to actions or patterns of activity that deviate from what is typical or expected. These behaviours often indicate stress, illness, poor welfare, or environmental issues.

Examples include:

1. Stereotypies
2. Self-mutilation
3. Excessive aggression or fear
4. Unusual energy levels
5. Failure to perform natural behaviours: i.e. grooming, nesting, or social interaction

Date	Name of animal and abnormal behaviour noted	Advice sought and action taken